Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, With Base Connection

Features

- Isolation Test Voltage 5300 V_{RMS}
- Long Term Stability
- Industry Standard Dual-in-Line Package
- Lead-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC

Agency Approvals

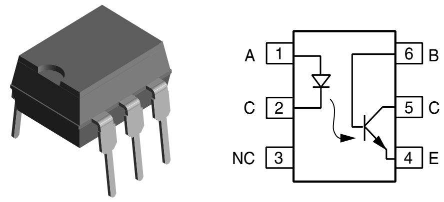
- Underwriters Lab File #E52744 System Code H or J
- DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE0884) DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending
- BSI IEC60950 IEC60065
- FIMKO

Description

The CNY17 is an optically coupled pair consisting of a Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a silicon NPN phototransistor.

Signal information, including a DC level, can be transmitted by the device while maintaining a high degree of electrical isolation between input and output.

The CNY17 can be used to replace relays and transformers in many digital interface applications, as well as analog applications such as CRT modulation.



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Order Information

Part	Remarks
CNY17-1	CTR 40 - 80 %, DIP-6
CNY17-2	CTR 63 - 125 %, DIP-6
CNY17-3	CTR 100 - 200 %, DIP-6
CNY17-4	CTR 160 - 320 %, DIP-6
CNY17-1X006	CTR 40 - 80 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17-1X007	CTR 40 - 80 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17-1X009	CTR 40 - 80 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17-2X006	CTR 63 - 125 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17-2X007	CTR 63 - 125 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17-2X009	CTR 63 - 125 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17-3X006	CTR 100 - 200 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17-3X007	CTR 100 - 200 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17-3X009	CTR 100 - 200 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17-4X006	CTR 160 - 320 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17-4X007	CTR 160 - 320 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17-4X009	CTR 160 - 320 %, SMD-6 (option 9)

For additional information on the available options refer to Option Information.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified
Stresses in excess of the absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute Maximum Rating for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

Input

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse voltage		V_R	6.0	V
Forward current		I_F	60	mA
Surge current	t ≤ 10 µs	I_{FSM}	2.5	A
Power dissipation		P_{diss}	100	mW

Output

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage		BV_{CEO}	70	V
Emitter-base breakdown voltage		BV_{EBO}	7.0	V
Collector current		I_C	50	mA
	t < 1.0 ms	I_C	100	mA
Power dissipation		P_{diss}	150	mW

Coupler

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Isolation test voltage (between emitter & detector referred to climate DIN 50014, part 2, Nov. 74)	t = 1 sec	V_{ISO}	5300	V_{RMS}
Creepage distance			≥ 7.0	mm
Clearance distance			≥ 7.0	mm
Isolation thickness between emitter and detector			≥ 0.4	mm
Comparative tracking index per DIN IEC 112/VDE0303, part 1			175	
Isolation resistance	V_{IO} = 500 V, T_{amb} = 25 °C	R_{IO}	$\geq 10^{12}$	Ω
	V_{IO} = 500 V, T_{amb} = 100 °C	R_{IO}	$\geq 1\,0^{11}$	Ω
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	- 55 to + 150	°C
Operating temperature		T_{amb}	- 55 to + 100	°C
Soldering temperature	max. 10 s, dip soldering: distance to seating plane ≥ 1.5 mm	T_{sld}	260	°C

Electrical Characteristics

T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified
Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluation. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

Input

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	I_F = 60 mA	V_F		1.25	1.65	V
Breakdown voltage	I_R = 10 mA	V_{BR}	6.0			V
Reserve current	V_R = 6.0 V	I_R		0.01	10	µA
Capacitance	V_R = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C_O		25		pF
Thermal resistance		R_{th}		750		K/W

Output

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Collector-emitter capacitance	V_{CE} = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C_{CE}		5.2		pF
Collector - base capacitance	V_{CB} = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C_{CB}		6.5		pF
Emitter - base capacitance	V_{EB} = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C_{EB}		7.5		pF
Thermal resistance		R_{th}		500		K/W

Coupler

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_F = 10 mA, I_C = 2.5 mA		V_{CEsat}		0.25	0.4	V
Coupling capacitance			C_C		0.6		pF
Collector-emitter leakage current	V_{CE} = 10 V, I_{CEO}	CNY17-1	I_{CEO}		2.0	50	nA
		CNY17-2	I_{CEO}		2.0	50	nA
		CNY17-3	I_{CEO}		5.0	100	nA
		CNY17-4	I_{CEO}		5.0	100	nA

Current Transfer Ratio

Current Transfer Ratio and collector-emitter leakage current by dash number (T_{amb}°C)

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
I_C/I_F	I_F = 10 mA, V_{CE} = 5.0 V	CNY17-1	CTR	40		80	%
		CNY17-2	CTR	63		125	%
		CNY17-3	CTR	100		200	%
		CNY17-4	CTR	160		320	%
	I_F = 1.0 mA, V_{CE} = 5.0 V	CNY17-1	CTR	13	30		%
		CNY17-2	CTR	22	45		%
		CNY17-3	CTR	34	70		%
		CNY17-4	CTR	56	90		%

Switching Characteristics

Linear operation (without saturation)

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Turn-on time	I_F = 10 mA, V_{CC} = 5.0 V, R_L = 75 W	t_{on}		3.0		µs
Rise time	I_F = 10 mA, V_{CC} = 5.0 V, R_L = 75 W	t_r		2.0		µs
Turn-off time	I_F = 10 mA, V_{CC} = 5.0 V, R_L = 75 W	t_{off}		2.3		µs
Fall time	I_F = 10 mA, V_{CC} = 5.0 V, R_L = 75 W	t_f		2.0		µs
Cut-off frequency	I_F = 10 mA, V_{CC} = 5.0 V,	f_{CO}		250		kHz

Switching operation (with saturation)

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Turn-on time	I_F = 20 mA	CNY17-1	t_{on}		3.0		µs
	I_F = 10 mA	CNY17-2	t_{on}		4.2		µs
		CNY17-3	t_{on}		4.2		µs
	I_F = 5.0 mA	CNY17-4	t_{on}		6.0		µs
Rise time	I_F = 20 mA	CNY17-1	t_f		2.0		µs
	I_F = 10 mA	CNY17-2	t_f		3.0		µs
		CNY17-3	t_f		3.0		µs
	I_F = 5.0 mA	CNY17-4	t_f		4.6		µs
Turn-off time	I_F = 20 mA	CNY17-1	t_{off}		18		µs
	I_F = 10 mA	CNY17-2	t_{off}		23		µs
		CNY17-3	t_{off}		23		µs
	I_F = 5.0 mA	CNY17-4	t_{off}		25		µs
Fall time	I_F = 20 mA	CNY17-1	t_f		11		µs
	I_F = 10 mA	CNY17-2	t_f		14		µs
		CNY17-3	t_f		14		µs
	I_F = 5.0 mA	CNY17-4	t_f		15		µs

Typical Characteristics (Tamb = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

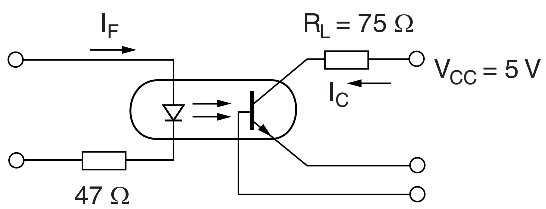

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Figure 1. Linear Operation (without Saturation)

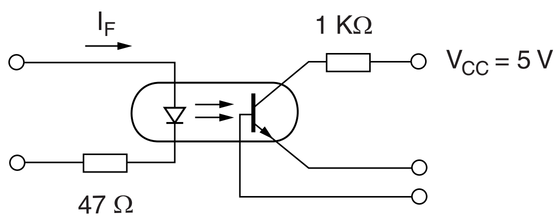

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Figure 2. Switching Operation (with Saturation)

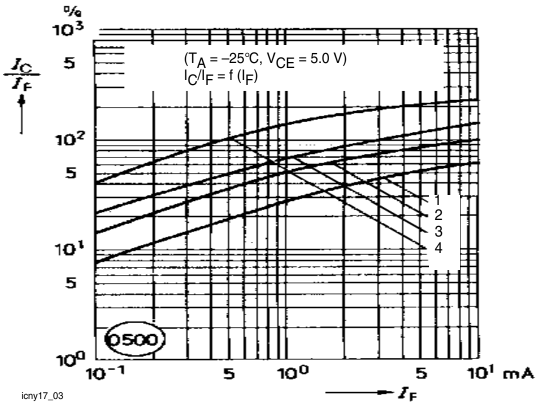


Figure 3. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

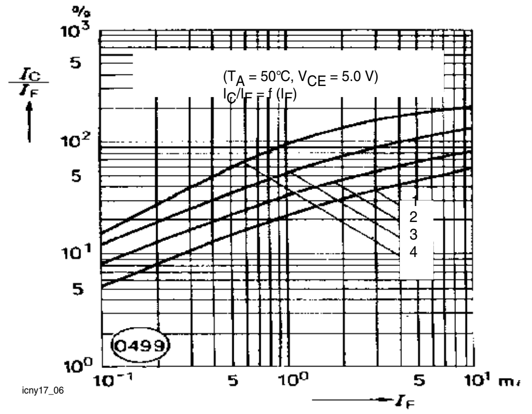


Figure 6. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

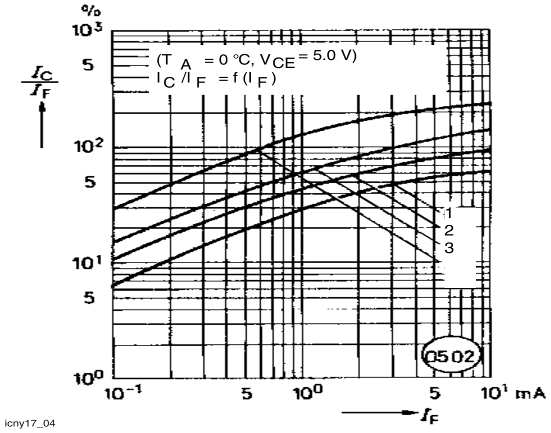


Figure 4. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

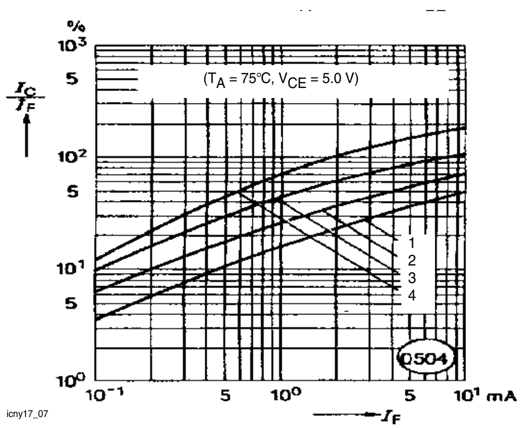


Figure 7. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

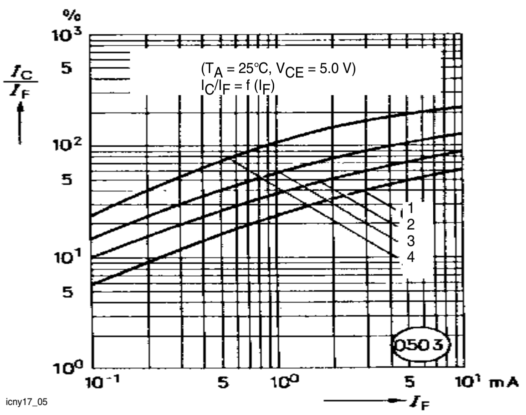


Figure 5. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

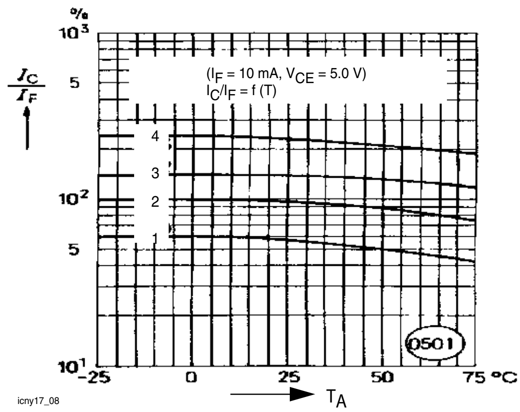


Figure 8. Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) vs. Temperature

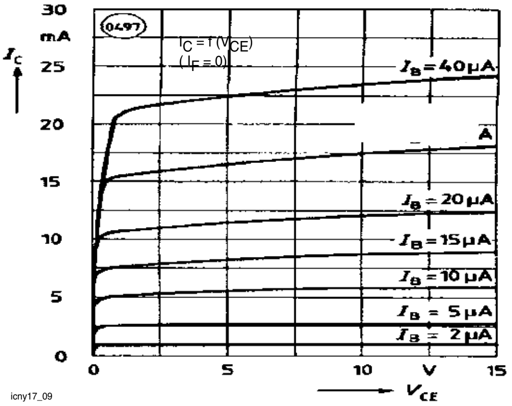


Figure 9. Transistor Characteristics

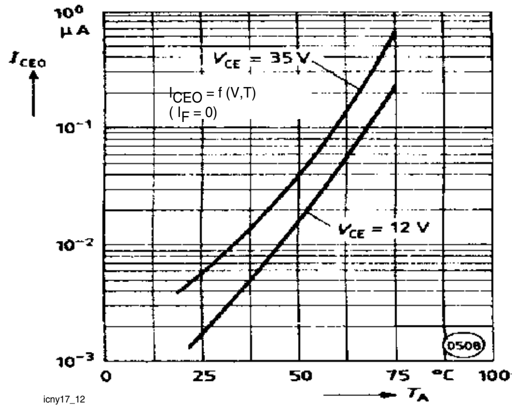


Figure 12. Collector-Emitter off-state Current

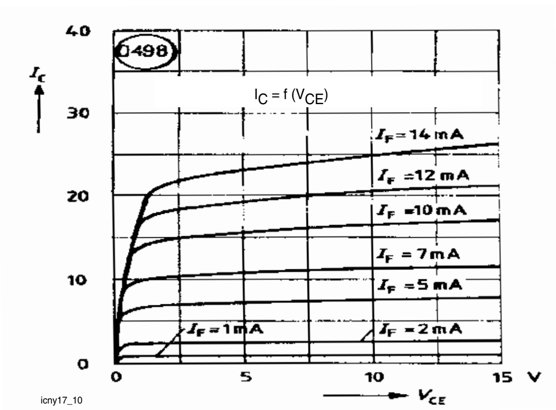


Figure 10. Output Characteristics

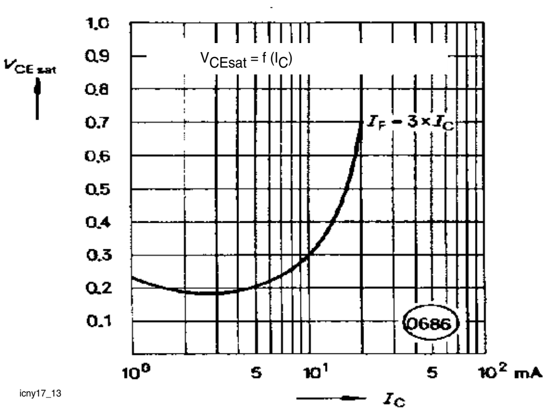


Figure 13. Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17-1

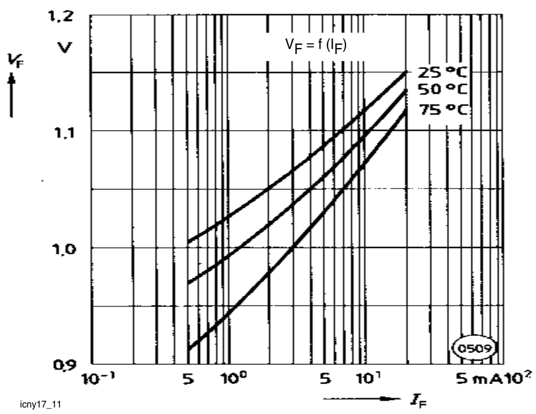


Figure 11. Forward Voltage

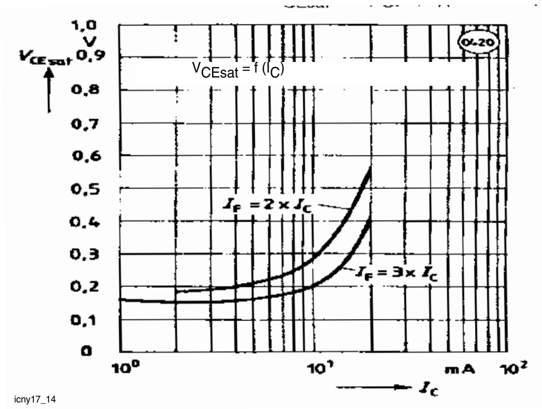


Figure 14. Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17-2

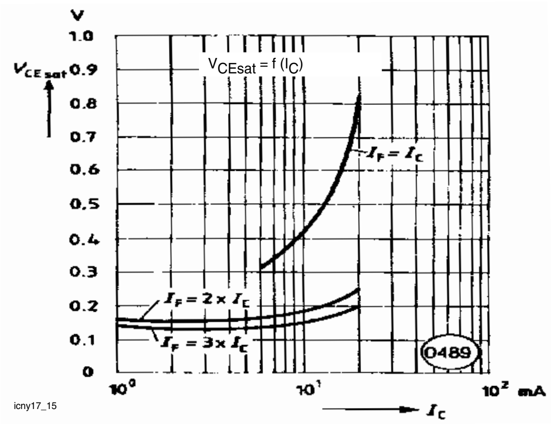


Figure 15. Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17-3

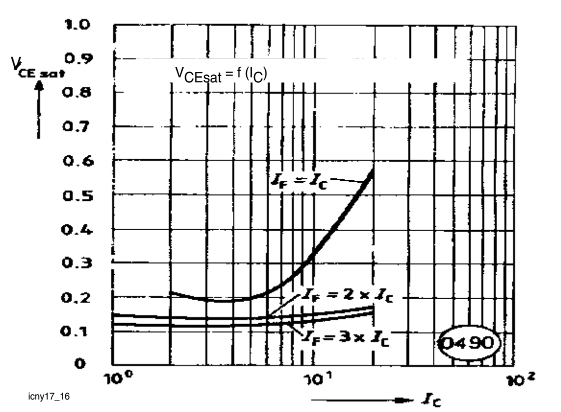


Figure 16. Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17-4

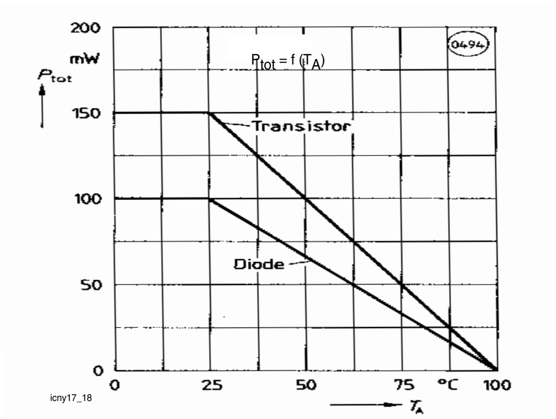
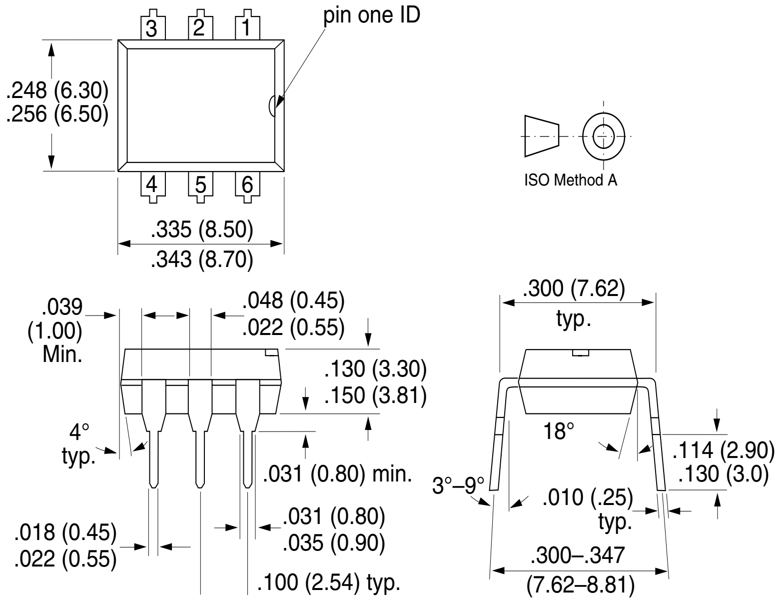


Figure 17. Permissible Power Dissipation for Transistor and Diode

Package Dimensions in Inches (mm)



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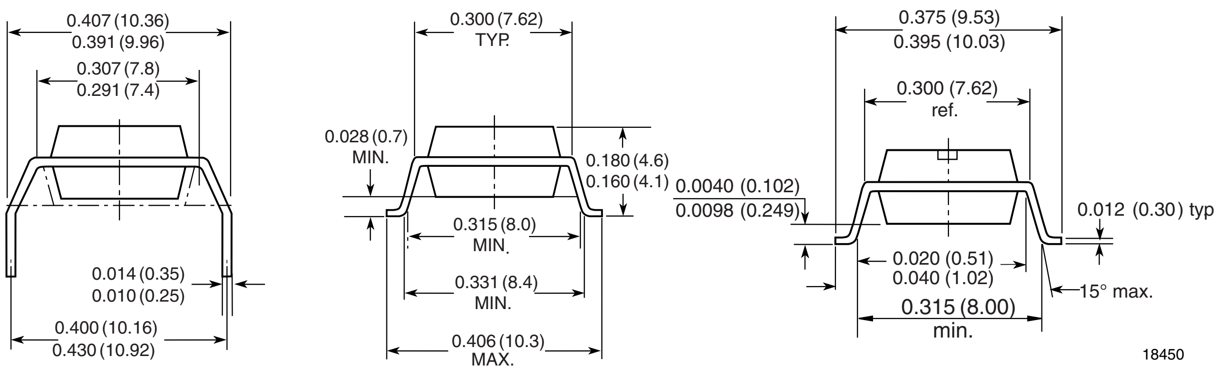
Option 6 **Option 7** **Option 9**



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Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

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